



REACH 2013 - Overview

Status on 10 September 2013

The REACH deadline for registering substances manufactured or imported in quantities of 100 to 1 000 tonnes per year was 24:00 (BST) on 31 May 2013. By that time, 3 215 companies had submitted 9 084 registration dossiers to ECHA. Since that date, 270 additional registration dossiers have already been received which are linked to the 2013 deadline. These dossiers are not included in the figures reported here.

By 31 August, the deadline set by the REACH Regulation, ECHA has performed the completeness checks on all REACH 2013 dossiers. The aim of the completeness check is to ensure that all required elements have been included in the registration dossier.

Following the completeness checks, registration numbers have been granted to 9 030 submissions. There are 17 dossiers still pending because the registrants have to resubmit their dossier following a request for further information from ECHA. The remaining cases correspond to dossiers which have or will soon be rejected due to nonpayment of the related fees.

34 % of the companies declared themselves as micro, small or medium-sized companies, accounting for 19 % of all registrations. 23 % of the registrations were made by 'only representatives' on behalf of non-European companies.

Registrations were received from 29 EU Member States and EEA countries, with the highest percentage coming from Germany (31 %).

Since the 2010 registration deadline, 2 998 substances have now been registered for the 2013 deadline. Additionally, 771 substances that had already been registered for the previous deadline were registered by new companies that joined the previous registrants.

Most of the substances were registered by groups of companies working together in joint submissions (83 %). The joint submissions have one lead registrant and, on average, 2.9 members.

Companies submitted in total 770 testing proposals in 376 dossiers. Of those, 563 were proposals to test on animals in order to fulfil the REACH information requirements listed in Annex IX. In addition, the Agency received 301 confidentiality requests in 254 dossiers. The majority of claims concerned safety data sheet information, which includes the name of the company, the registration number and information on the uses of the substance. The non-confidential information from all of the 2013 registrations is being published online in the registered substances database.

Substances for the 2013 Deadline



Substances registered by 31 May 2013

The second REACH registration deadline was on 31 May 2013, covering 'phase-in' substances manufactured or imported in the EU at tonnages between 100 and 1000 tonnes per annum (except for the most hazardous substances, which were registered in 2010). Phase-in substances are ones that had been long on the European market (and often referred to as "existing substances"). The deadline impacts 'phase-in' substances where the companies have made a valid pre-registration.

By contrast, industry also regularly submits registrations for non-phase-in substances, which are 'new' substances that have not been manufactured, placed on the market or used in the EU before 1 June 2008. These non-phase-in substances do not benefit from extended registration deadlines and need to be registered immediately. They are not included in the number of substances registered for REACH 2013 presented in the following sections.

The tables below provide an overview of the substance registration status by the deadline of 31 May 2013. You will also find a link to the list of registered substances as well as a comparison between actual registrations and industry's registration intentions collected by ECHA in its surveys of 2011.

Phase-in substances registered from 1 December 2010 to 31 May 2013

2 998 substances have now been registered for the 2013 deadline, in addition to the substances registered by the 2010 deadline.



Breakdown of substances by registration type

REACH covers different types of registrations: either a standard registration (Article 10) or a limited registration for substances with intermediate uses only (Articles 17 and 18).

A substance can be registered for up to three of these registration types with one dossier. Hence, the numbers do not add up to the total number of substances.

| Registration type | Registered |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Substances for all uses | 1 998 |
| Substances for on-site isolated intermediate use | 317 |
| Substances for transported isolated intermediate use | 834 |
| Total substances registered | 2 998 |



Comparison between actual registrations and industry's registration intentions

Starting in November 2011, ECHA collected feedback from pre-registrants in order to identify the substances that would be registered by the 2013 registration deadline. The first results were published in February 2012 and regularly updated according to the latest information from industry.

The registration intentions initially collected from industry were for up to 4 001 substances, but they included 873 substances already registered in 2010 and 25 substances which were subsequently reported as being no longer intended for 2013. Overall, this brought the number of registration intentions to 3 103 phase-in substances.

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Substances indicated by industry to be registered in 2013 | 4 001 |
| Already registered in 2010 | 873 |
| No longer intended for 2013 | 25 |
| Substances still to be registered in 2013 | 3 103 |

By 31 May 2013, 2 170 of the 3 103 intended substances were registered. Hence, 933 of these substances were not registered by the deadline. In addition, 828 substances, which had not been previously identified by industry in the surveys, have also been registered at a tonnage band of 100 to 1 000 tonnes per year.

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Substances intended | 3 103 |
| Registered by 31 May 2013 | 2 170 |
| Intended and not registered | 933 |

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Additional substances (not intended) and registered | 828 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|

Registration dossiers for the 2013 Deadline



Last update: 30/08/2013

All European Economic Area (EEA) Countries



Summary for the 2013 deadline

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Number of Registrants (companies) (SMEs: 1 077) | 3 188 |
| Number of Registrations (dossiers) | 9 030 |

Detailed Statistics on Number of Registrations



Breakdown by Registration Type

REACH covers different types of registrations: either a standard registration (Article 10) or a limited registration for substances with intermediate uses only (Articles 17 and 18). A substance can be registered for up to three of these registration types with one dossier. This is why the numbers below do not add up to the total number of registrations

| | # Registrations |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Registered as standard registration | 7 232 |
| Registered as intermediate | 1 867 |
| <i>Transported isolated intermediates</i> | 1 495 |
| <i>On-site isolated intermediates</i> | 495 |



Joint Submission is a fundamental principle of REACH. Its aim is to reduce costs and avoid unnecessary testing on animals.

This table provides a breakdown of the number of registrations submitted in a joint submission (multiple registrants) compared to individual submissions (single registrants). The number of these individual registrations shows cases where there is only one company registering a particular substance, but also cases where multiple companies have registered individually the same substance. The latter cases may indicate a breach of the legal obligation to register jointly. ECHA will make an analysis of the overall situation once all dossiers have been processed.

| | # Registrations |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Registrations in Joint Submissions | 8 317 |
| <i>Lead</i> | 2 156 |
| <i>Member</i> | 6 161 |
| Individual Registrations under REACH | 713 |
| TOTAL | 9 030 |



Breakdown by Registrant Company Size

The table below shows the breakdown of registrations by company size as indicated by the companies. ECHA will verify the self-declarations as micro, small or medium size (SME) at a later stage. Further information on SMEs under REACH and the verification process is available at (link to <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/support/small-and-medium-sized-enterprises-smes>).

| | # Registrations |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Registered by Large company | 7 299 |
| Registered by SME | 1 731 |
| Medium company | 983 |
| Small company | 512 |
| Micro company | 236 |
| TOTAL | 9 030 |



Breakdown by Role in Supply Chain

The table below shows the breakdown of registrations according to the role as manufacturer, manufacturer and importer, importer and Only Representative.

Non-EU companies can export to the European Union through two different routes under REACH: either via an importer who has registered appropriately the substance, or by appointing an Only Representative who acts on the behalf of their existing customers. The number of registrations received from importers and Only Representatives thus indicates that REACH is functioning for non-EU companies.

| | # Registrations |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Manufacturer | 3 611 |
| Manufacturer and Importer | 1 083 |
| Importer | 2 250 |
| Only Representative of a non-EU manufacturer | 2 086 |
| TOTAL | 9 030 |

Registration dossiers for the 2013 Deadline



All European Economic Area (EEA) Countries

The table below shows the number of registrations received from the 28 EU Member States and from the European Economic Area countries (Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein).

| Description | # Registrations |
|----------------|-----------------|
| GERMANY | 2 812 |
| UNITED KINGDOM | 1 077 |
| ITALY | 760 |
| NETHERLANDS | 757 |
| FRANCE | 749 |
| BELGIUM | 649 |
| SPAIN | 649 |
| IRELAND | 295 |
| SWEDEN | 244 |
| POLAND | 155 |
| CZECH REPUBLIC | 144 |
| FINLAND | 130 |
| AUSTRIA | 125 |
| HUNGARY | 95 |
| DENMARK | 86 |
| GREECE | 61 |
| LUXEMBOURG | 49 |
| BULGARIA | 40 |
| NORWAY | 35 |
| PORTUGAL | 28 |
| ROMANIA | 24 |
| SLOVAKIA | 19 |
| SLOVENIA | 18 |
| ESTONIA | 10 |
| CYPRUS | 7 |
| LITHUANIA | 5 |
| LATVIA | 3 |
| ICELAND | 2 |
| LIECHTENSTEIN | 2 |
| CROATIA* | 0 |
| MALTA | 0 |
| Sum: | 9 030 |

*Croatian companies had to register their phase-in substances manufactured in quantities of more than 100 tonnes per year and CMRs category 1 and 2 manufactured more than 1 tonne per year by 1 July 2014.

By that deadline, 10 Croatian companies had registered 60 substances.